

The goal of this experiment is to investigate what happens when a piece of hot metal is added to a sample of water at or near room temperature. NOTE: I expect each student to collect their own, unique set of data for the experiments in this activity.

Activity 1. Comparison of the heat exchanged by metals

Start the simulation

(http://www.chem.iastate.edu/group/Greenbowe/sections/projectfolder/flashfiles/thermochem/heat_metal.html). In the upper left corner of the simulation is a list of six metals, four with names and two unknown metals.

For the experiment select two metals to work with according to the table below;

OSU Student Number (last digit)	Metal #1	Metal #2
0 or 1	Silver	Copper
2 or 3	Gold	Iron
4 or 5	Silver	Iron
6 or 7	Copper	Gold
8 or 9	Iron	Copper

ACTIVITY #1:

Make a prediction of which of your two metals, initially at a high temperature, will raise the temperature of a sample of water the highest.

You need to make a fair comparison. For example if when you test the metals they should have the same mass and the same initial temperature, and be added to a sample of water of the same mass and the same initial temperature. The initial temperature of the metal (T_i) should be greater than the initial temperature of the water (T_i).

Complete the following:

- 1a. Identify your Metal #1: _____ Identify your Metal #2: _____
- 1b. Prediction (which metal will raise the temperature of the water the highest?):
Metal #__ : _____
- 1c. Explain how you arrived at your answer.

2. Use the computer simulation to do your experiment. Record your data below. The specific heat of water is $4.18 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}}$. The density of water is 1.00 g/mL.

DATA: (Enter the name of one of your metals, and record the initial mass and temperature for both the metal and for water. Click on the Start button and observe what happens. Record the final temperature for the metal and for water. Repeat this in the second table for the other metal assigned to you.)

Experiment #1			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#1)			
Water			

Experiment #2			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#2)			
Water			

Did your prediction (1b) match your experimental results? Explain.

In the two experiments above, heat was transferred from

_____ to _____

Repeat the experiments you just performed with a different mass of the metal, a different initial temperature of the metal, a different mass of the water and but the same initial temperature of the water. Record your observations below.

Experiment #3			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#1)			
Water			

Experiment #4			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#2)			
Water			

In the two experiments above, heat was transferred from

_____ to _____

CALCULATIONS:

- 3a. For each experiment (Part 2) calculate the heat that was exchanged (absorbed or released) by the water. You may use the formula $q = mc\Delta T$. Show all steps and be sure to include units in all steps and in your answer. Be sure to indicate the "sign" (i.e. positive or negative).

Experiment #1

Experiment #2

- 3b. For each experiment (in Part 2) calculate the heat that was exchanged (absorbed or released) by the metal. Show all steps and be sure to include units in all steps and in your answer. Be sure to indicate the "sign" (i.e. positive or negative).

Experiment #1

Experiment #2

- 3c. Compare the values of the heat exchanged by the water and the metal. Within experimental error, was the Law of Conservation of Energy obeyed?

Experiment #1

Experiment #2

- 3a. For each experiment (Part 2) calculate the heat that was exchanged (absorbed or released) by the water. You may use the formula $q = mc\Delta T$. Show all steps and be sure to include units in all steps and in your answer. Be sure to indicate the "sign" (i.e. positive or negative).

Experiment #3

Experiment #4

- 3b. For each experiment (in Part 2) calculate the heat that was exchanged (absorbed or released) by the metal. Show all steps and be sure to include units in all steps and in your answer. Be sure to indicate the "sign" (i.e. positive or negative).

Experiment #3

Experiment #4

- 3c. Compare the values of the heat exchanged by the water and the metal. Within experimental error, was the Law of Conservation of Energy obeyed?

Experiment #3

Experiment #4

ACTIVITY #2:

- 4a. If you double the mass of Metal #1 in Part 2 Experiment#1, keeping everything else the same, predict what will happen to the ΔT of the water?
- 4b. If you double the mass of water in Part 2 Experiment#1, keeping everything else the same, predict what will happen to the ΔT of the water?

Do these two experiments using the computer simulation.

DATA:

Experiment #1			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#1)			
Water			

Experiment #2			
	Mass	Initial Temperature	Final Temperature
Metal _____ (#2)			
Water			

Did your predictions (in Part 4) match the results of the computer simulation? Explain.

ACTIVITY #3: Determination of the specific heat of an unknown metal.

5. Select one of the unknown metals (Metal X or Metal Y) to work with according to the table below;

OSU Student Number (last digit)	Unknown Metal
0 - 4	X
5 - 9	Y

Your Metal is, _____

Design and carry out an experiment that will help you determine the specific heat of this metal.

Write the experimental procedure you used to determine the specific heat of the unknown metal. (NOTE: Your procedure must be detailed enough that another student unfamiliar with this experiment would be able to reproduce the data you obtain.)

What observations did you collect?: (You may or may not need all of the cells below.)

Using your observations indicate the Evidence you have to support the Claim you will make below.

Claim: The specific heat of metal _____ is _____.

POST-LAB Questions:

- 1a. A piece of metal at a high temperature was added to 110.0 g of water initially at $23.60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. When the temperature of the water with the piece of metal was measured again the final temperature was $33.35\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Calculate the amount of heat absorbed by the water.

 - b. How much heat did the metal give off in this experiment?

 - c. If the mass of the metal was 70.0 g and the initial temperature of the hot metal was $160.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, calculate the specific heat of the metal.
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2. A piece of silver weighing 70.00 grams is heated to $150.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and added to 130.0 g of water initially at $24.20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Calculate the final temperature of the mixture.
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3. A sample of metal weighing 95.0 g is heated to $180.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and added to 115 g of water initially at $24.80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The final temperature of the mixture is $35.78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Identify the metal as silver, gold, copper, or iron.