

ALL work must be shown to receive full credit. **Due in lecture, at 8:30 a.m. on Friday, January 25, 2002.**

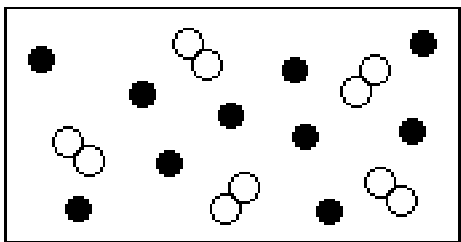
RPS.1. Write the chemical formula(s) of the product(s) and balance the following reactions. Identify all products phases as either (g)as, (l)iquid, (s)olid or (aq)ueous. Soluble ionic compounds should be written in the form of their component ions.

- a) sulfuric acid(aq) + barium nitrate(aq) →
- b) heptane(l) + oxygen(g)  $\xrightarrow{\Delta}$
- c) nitric acid(aq) + sodium hydroxide(aq) →
- d) sodium iodide(aq) + mercury (II) nitrate(aq) →
- e) zinc(s) + copper (II) nitrate(aq) →
- f) aluminum(s) + ammonium perchlorate(s) →
- g) potassium carbonate(s) + hydrochloric acid(aq) →
- h) barium hydroxide(aq) + acetic acid(aq) →

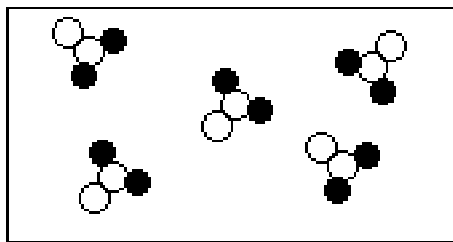
RPS.2. Write the ionic and net ionic chemical equations for 1a), 1c), 1d), 1e) and 1g).



RPS.4. A mixture of A (●) and B<sub>2</sub> (○) is placed in a container as shown on the left. After a few hours the contents of the container are found to be as shown on the right.



initially



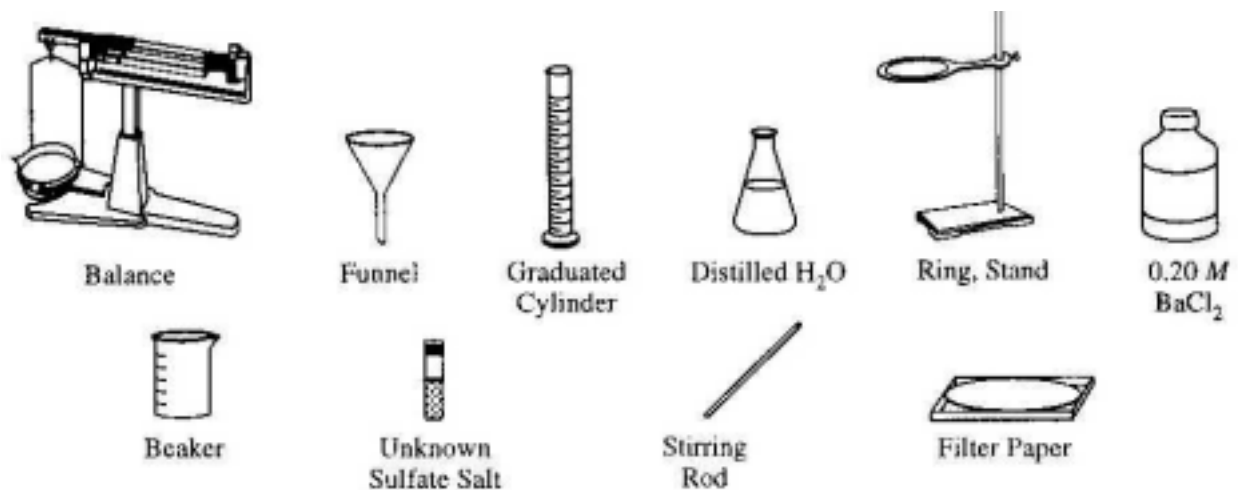
after a period of time

- a) Write a chemical equation that describes the reaction.
  
- b) Identify the limiting reagent(s) in the reaction. Explain your reasoning.

RPS.5. An unknown compound contains only the three elements C, H, and O. A pure sample of the compound is analyzed and found to contain 65.60 percent C and 9.44 percent H by mass.

- a) Determine the empirical formula of the compound.
  
- b) When 1.570 grams of the compound is vaporized at 300 °C and 1 atmosphere, the gas occupies a volume of 577 milliliters. What is the molar mass of the compound based on this result?





RPS.7. An experiment is to be performed to determine the mass percent of sulfate in an unknown soluble sulfate salt. The equipment shown above is available for the experiment. A drying oven is also available.

a) Briefly list the steps needed to carry out this experiment.

b) What experimental data need to be collected to calculate the mass percent of sulfate in the unknown?

c) List the calculations necessary to determine the mass percent of sulfate in the unknown.

d) Would 0.20 M  $\text{MgCl}_2$  be an acceptable substitute for the  $\text{BaCl}_2$  solution provided in the experiment? Explain.

RPS.8. Complete the following table

Compound	Number of bonding groups on central atom	Number of non-bonding pairs on central atom	Name of the molecular geometry	Bond Angle(s)	Polarity
$\text{NO}_3^-$					
$\text{SCN}^-$					
$\text{NF}_3$					
$\text{SF}_4$					
$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$					

RPS.9a. Write the electron configuration for S, Mg, O, Cr, Br and Al.

- b) Which elements in part a) are metals and which are nonmetals?
- c) As it relates to electron gain or loss, explain the difference between metals and nonmetals. Use the electron configuration of a neutral atom and its ion to support your explanation.
- d) By combining a metal and a nonmetal, or a nonmetal and a nonmetal, from the elements listed in part a), write the formula and name of at least eight compounds. The compounds should include 5 ionic and 3 covalent examples.

RPS.10. Solve

a)  $\log (2.91 \times 10^8) =$

b)  $\log (8.12 \times 10^{-2}) =$

c)  $-\log (3.56 \times 10^{-5}) =$

d)  $\text{antilog} (-11.194) =$

e)  $\text{antilog} (0.423) =$

f)  $\ln 625 =$

g)  $\ln 0.0904 =$

h)  $e^{-2.62} =$

i)  $e^{8.21} =$

j)  $\ln \left( \frac{623}{588} \right) =$

k)  $\ln \left( \frac{348}{x} \right) = 0.569$  Solve for x

l)  $\frac{1}{0.150} - \frac{1}{x} = 5.02$  Solve for x

m)  $1.32 = 1.57 - \frac{0.0591}{2} \log \left( \frac{1}{1 \cdot x^8} \right)$  Solve for x



RPS.10. (Continued)

n)  $x^2 + 5x - 20 = 0$  Solve for x

o)  $x^3 - 0.52x^2 + 1.36x - 0.422 = 0$  Solve for x