## This is BCE\#9.

I recommend you print out this page and bring it to class. Click here to show a set of five BCE8 student responses randomly selected from all of the student responses thus far in a new window.

John, here are your responses to the BCE and the Expert's response.

1. A solution is prepared by mixing 12.0 g of HCl (hydrogen chloride) in 50.0 g of water.

## Calculate:

The mol of HCl :
0.329
$\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{HCl}=12.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{HCl} *(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{HCl} / 36.45 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{HCl})=0.329 \mathrm{~mol}$
The mol of water:
2.78

$\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=50.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} *\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / 18.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)=2.78 \mathrm{~mol}$
2. Weight \% is defined as;

$$
\text { weight percent }=\frac{\text { weight solute }}{\text { weight solution }} \cdot 100
$$

Calculate the weight \% HCl in the solution:

$$
19.4
$$

$82 \%$
weight $\% \mathrm{HCl}=12.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{HCl} /\left(\mathbf{1 2 . 0} \mathrm{g} \mathrm{HCl}+\mathbf{5 0 . 0} \mathrm{g} \mathrm{H}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathrm{O}\right) * \mathbf{1 0 0}=\mathbf{1 9 . 4 \%}$

( $80.6 \%$ by weight $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ )
3. Mol fraction is defined as:
mol fraction $=\frac{\text { mol solute }}{\text { mol solution }}$
Calculate the mol fraction of HCl :
0.106
mol fraction $\mathrm{HCl}=0.329 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{HCl} /(0.329 \mathrm{molHCl}+2.78 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{H} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{O})=0.106$ (mol fraction $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ is 0.894 )
4. Molality is defined as:
molality $=\frac{\text { mol solute }}{\mathrm{kg} \text { solvent }}$
Calculate the molality of $\mathbf{H C l}$ in the solution:
6.58
molality $\mathrm{HCl}=0.329 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{HCl} /\left(0.050 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)=6.58$ molal
5. Molarity is defined as:
molarity $=\frac{\text { moles of solute }}{\text { liters of solution }}$
Can you calculate the molarity of the solution from the information provided? Yes/No. explain.

No, I need to know the density of the solution so I can convert the mass of the solution $(62.0 \mathrm{~g})$ to milliliters of solution.
We can not calculate the molarity of this solution because we do not know the volume of the solution. We know the mass of the solution ( $12 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{HCl}+50.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ), but to determine the volume of the solution we need to know the density of the solution. Although the solution is $80.6 \%$ water its density will be different than that of water.
6. Is there anything about the questions that you feel you do not understand? List your concerns/questions.
nothing
7. If there is one question you would like to have answered in lecture, what would that question be?

## now to figure out the last question. <br> 40 <br> now to figure out the last question.

 how to calculate moles